HOW TO IMPROVE VICTORIA'S PUBLIC TRANSPORT NETWORK



THE FACTS

- 1998 Melbourne's population was 3.3m, projections showed Melbourne would reach 4m by 2051.
- 2018 population is 5m.
- Victoria currently accounts for more than one third (37%) of Australia's annual population growth.
- Population growth in Melbourne's outer suburbs has exceeded the state average, accounting for 49% of growth in Melbourne and 44% of the state's growth.
- Essential infrastructure and services have not kept pace with this growth.

Source: McCrindle.com.au 2018

Insufficient frequency of services

affordability

_eaving passengers t bus stopis in the peak

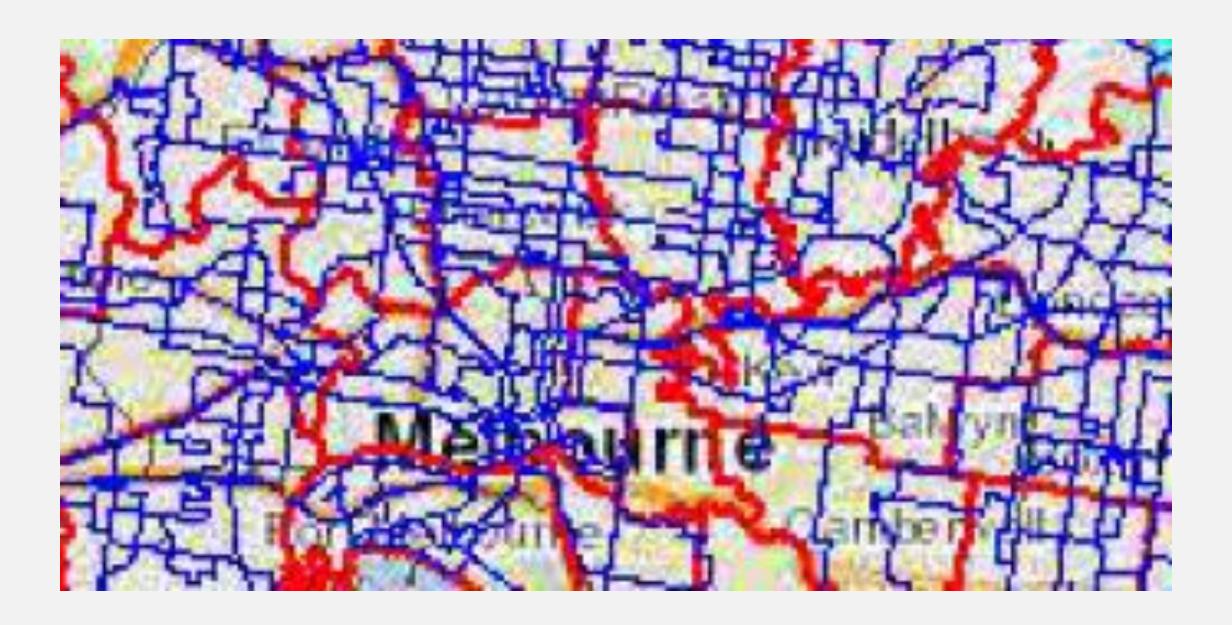
Poor access to health services

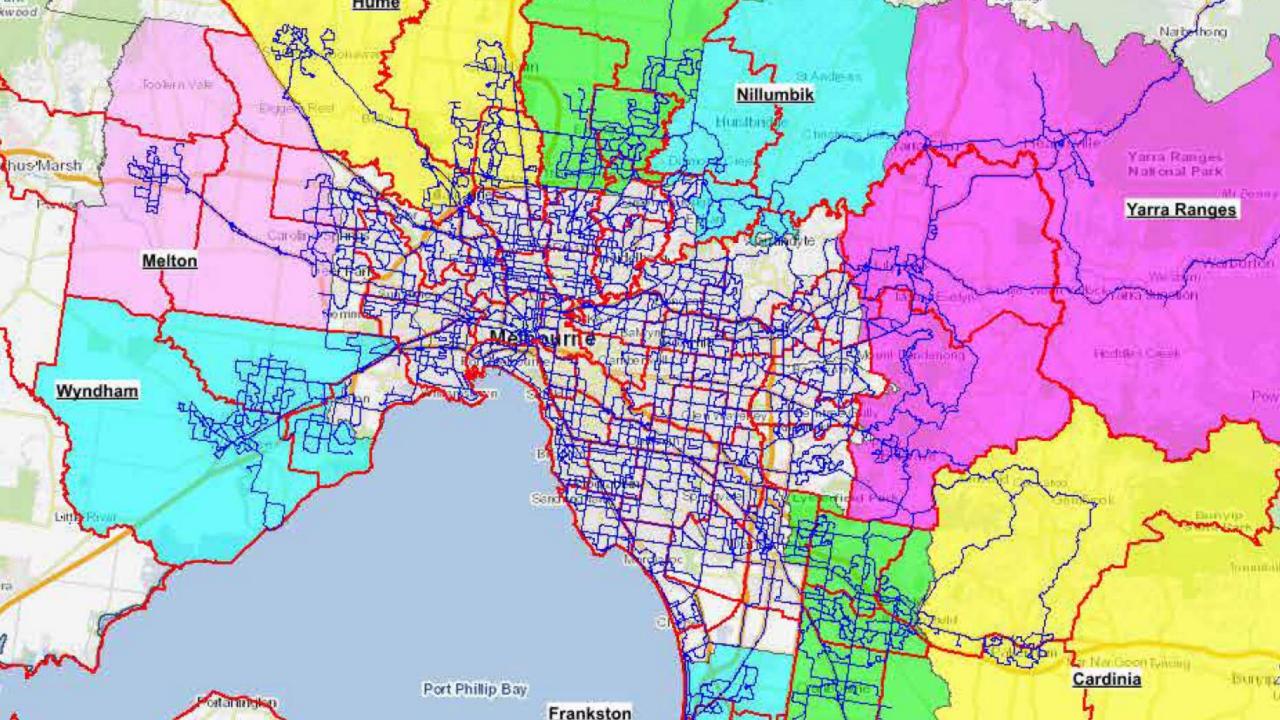
Disrupted and Decline in housing challenging family and community life due to time spent away from home travelling to and from work

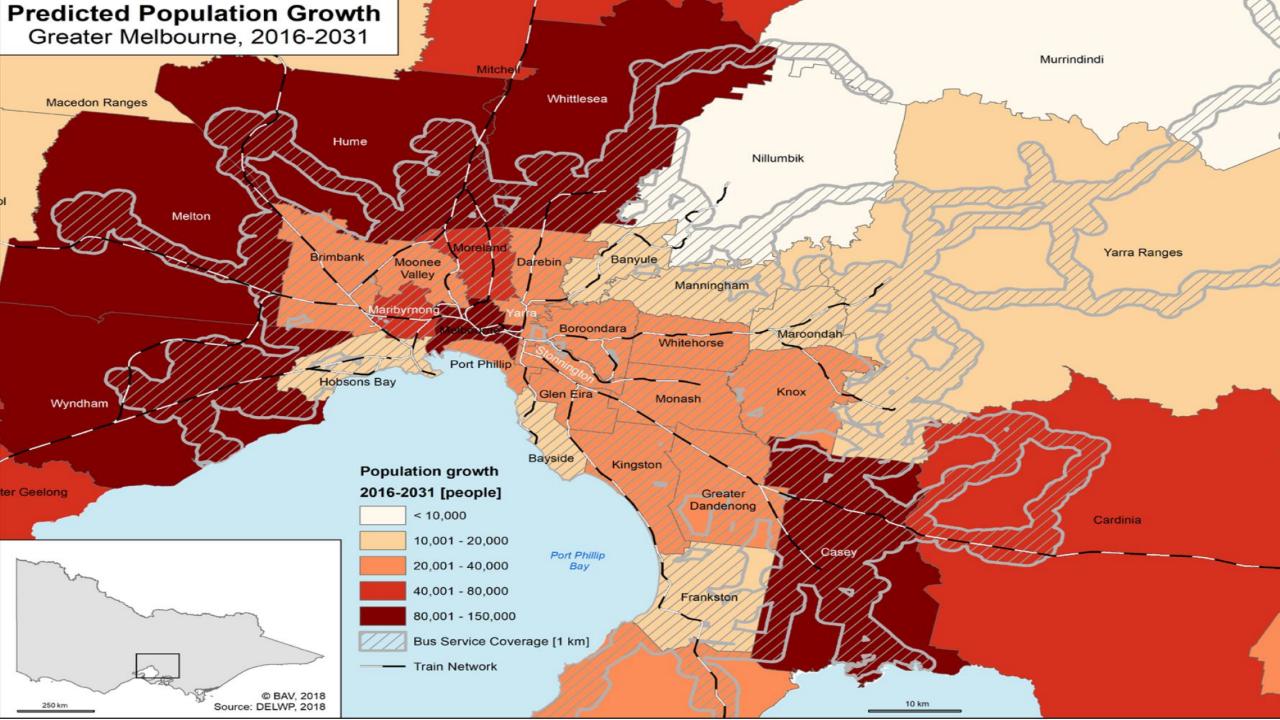
SO WHAT SHOULD WE DO?

MAKE FUNDAMENTAL CHANGES TO THE WAY WE INHABIT OUR STATE

- Otherwise our livability and our economy will be impacted.
- We can keep building roads, tunnels, rail tunnels that's all very well and good – for 30 years time, but it doesn't do anything for the here and now.
- We have the tools to improve the network to ensure our economy and our livability is not impacted any more than what it is now.
- We can do this now, so we have immediate benefit.
- Here are some priorities which we need our legislators to adopt.









S300M ANNUALLY TO REALISE A 'TURN UP AND GO' BUS NETWORK

FREQUENCY FREQUENCY FREQUENCY FREQUENCY FREQUENCY FREQUENCY

	Weekday Services		Weekend Services	
	Frequency	Span	Frequency	Span
Inner / Middle Metropolitan Suburbs	15 min	5.30am - 10.30pm	20 min	6.30am - 10.30pm
Interface Suburbs	20 min	6am - 10.30pm	30min	6am - 10.30pm
Major Regional Centres	30 min	6am - 9.30pm	45 min	7am - 9.30pm
Regional Victoria	30 min	6am - 7.30pm	60 min	8am - 7.30pm

30 & 40 MINUTE FREQUENCIES ARE NOT GOING TO ATTRACT NEW BUS USERS

\$300M FOR ADDITIONAL SERVICES CONVERTS TO A CAPITAL SUM OF \$7.5B (AT 4% REAL DISCOUNT RATE)

ABOUT ONE TENTH OF WHAT THE GOVERNMENT HAS SPENT, OR SAID IT WILL SPEND, ON HEAVY RAIL.

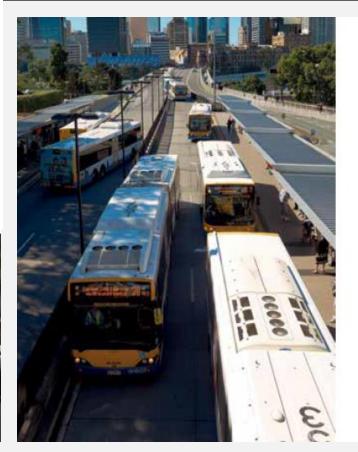
IT IS A VERY MODEST ASK AND COULD EASILY BE INCREASED.



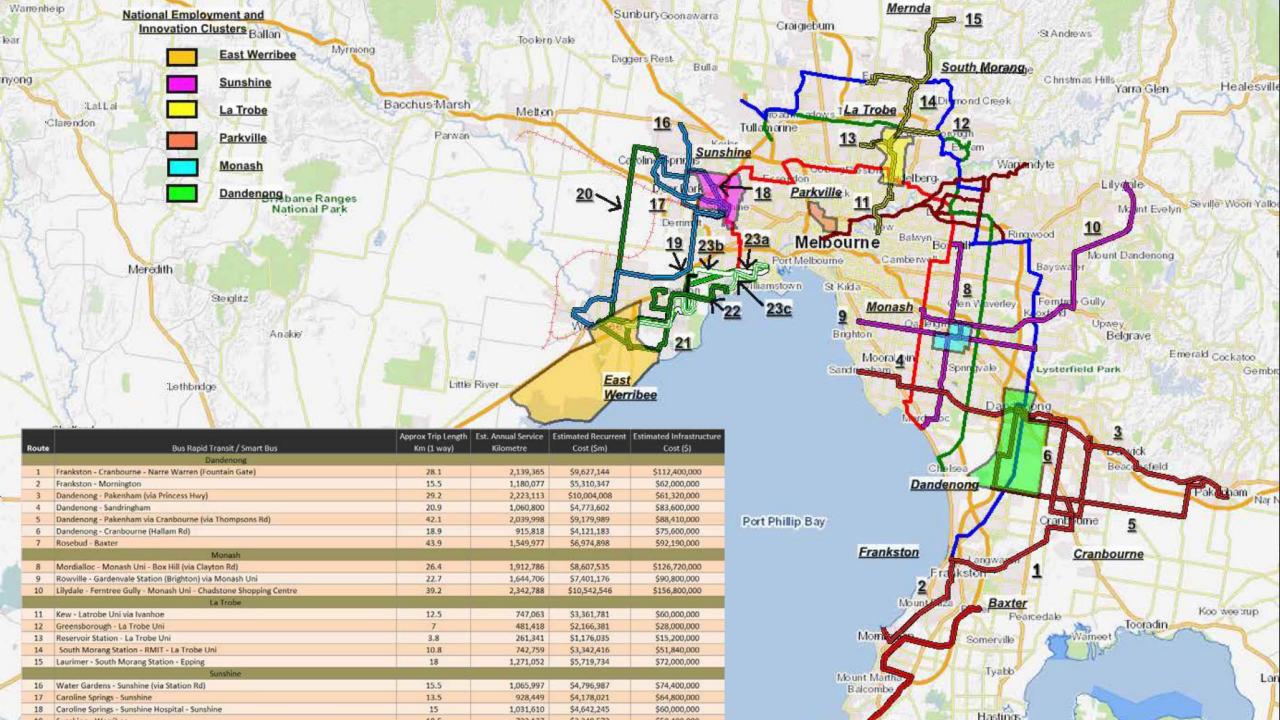
INVEST MORE IN HIGH CAPACITY BUSES AND HIGH CAPACITY BUS SERVICES THAT LINK EMPLOYMENT AREAS WITH ACTIVITY CENTRES











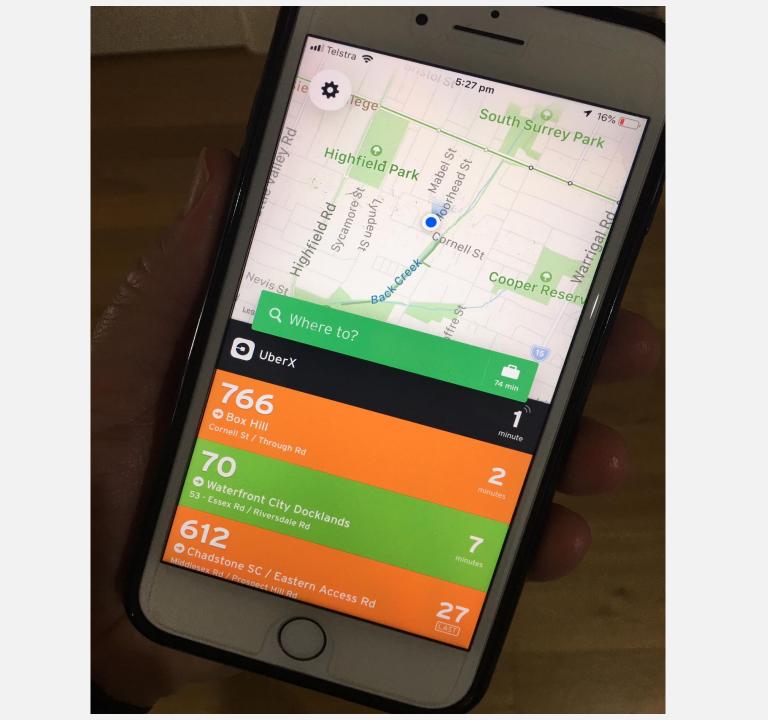
INCREASE INVESTMENT OF ON-ROAD PRIORITY FOR BUSES

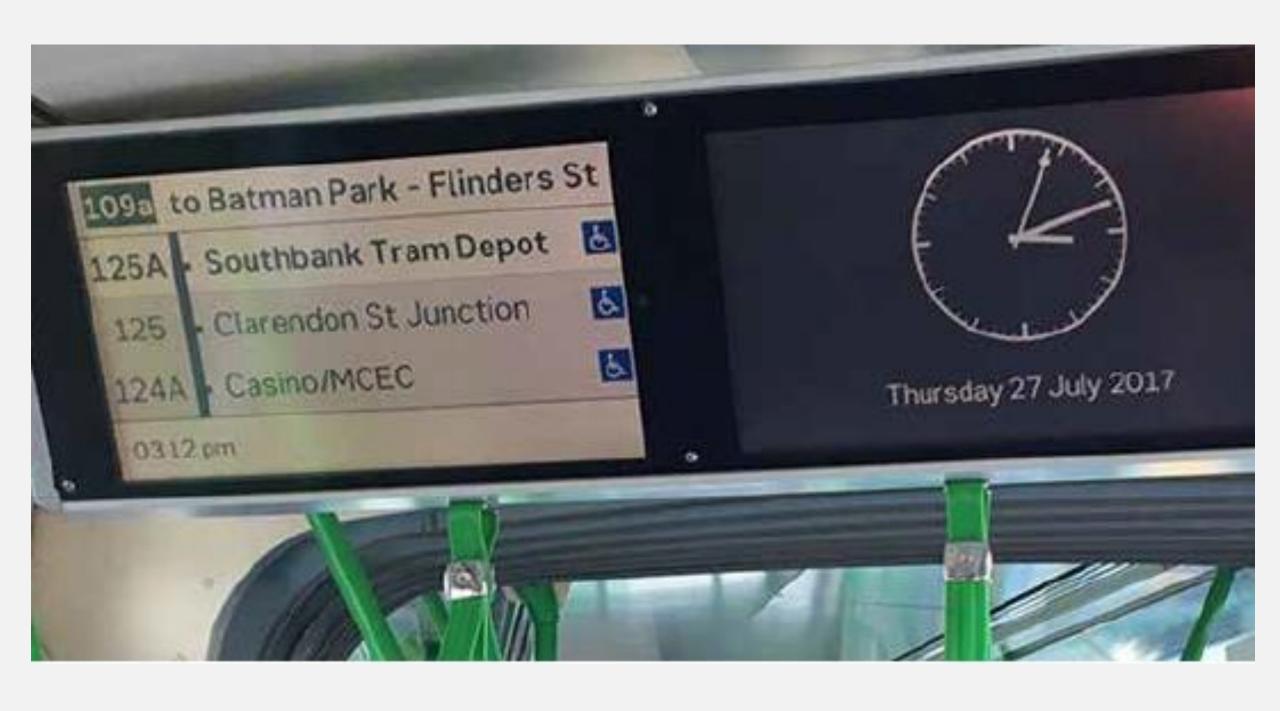


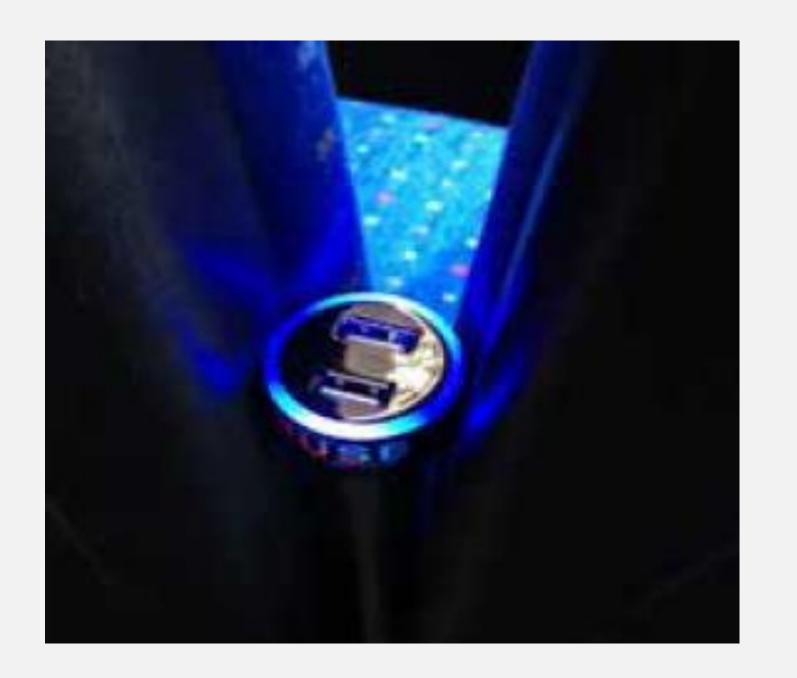


5 WAYS TO IMPROVE THE CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE











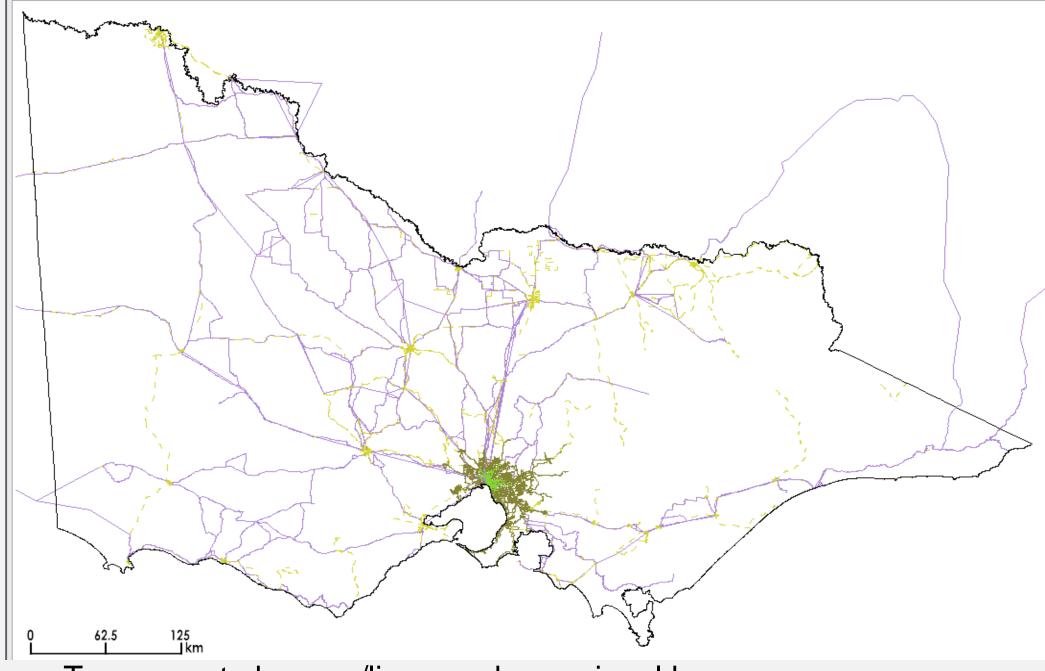


3 WAYS TO IMPROVE REGIONAL AND RURAL CONNECTIVITY

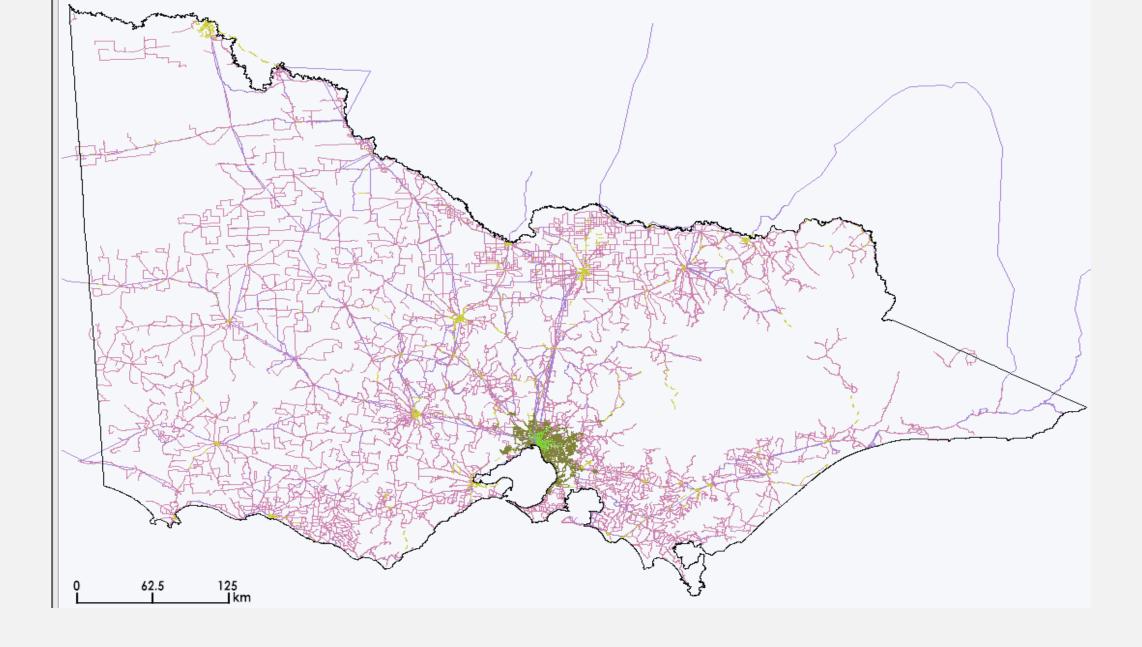








Tram + route bus + v/line coach + regional bus



Tram + route bus + v/line coach + regional bus + school bus



IMPROVE **ACCESSIBILITY** TO BUSES



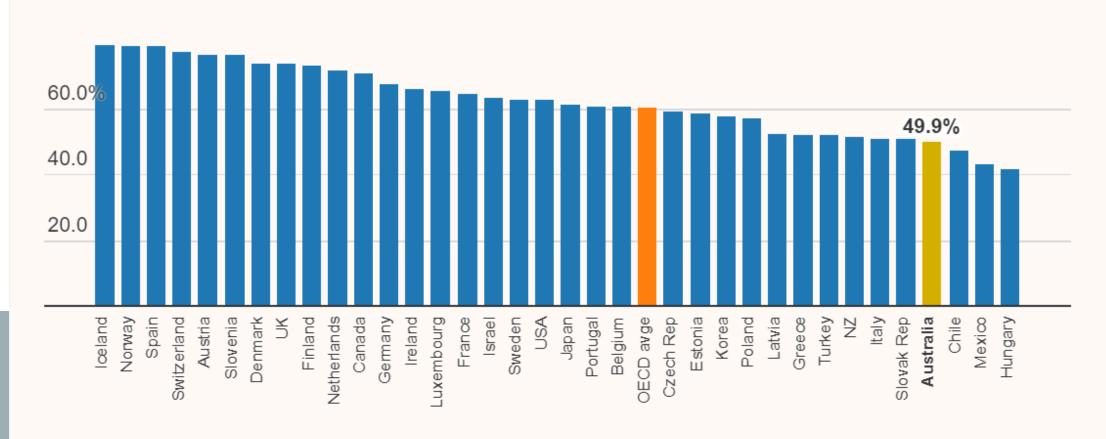
In Melbourne:

- 59% walk to trains
- 95% walk to tram stops
- 92% walk to bus stops



This is not 'normal' among wealthy developed countries.

AUSTRALIAN WOMEN FEELING SAFE WALKING ALONE AT NIGHT



Source: OECD Better Life index • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

GETTING TO THE BUS STOP

• Over the last 20 years, pedestrians over 60 years of age have gone from 43% of pedestrian fatalities to 58% in the last 18 months.

Source: Victoria walks

Over last 18 month pedestrians over 70 years of age have increased from 30% of fatalities to 40% and they are only 10% of the population.

ACCESSIBILITY

- Causes of pedestrian fatalities are not just pedestrian behaviours
- We need to focus on bad road design & poor driver behaviour



FUND THE DEVELOPMENT OF SAFER,
CONVENIENT ROUTES
(PRINCIPAL PEDESTRIAN NETWORKS)
WITHIN A 15-MINUTE WALK OF 50 TRAIN
STATIONS AND/OR ACTIVITY CENTRES.



INTRODUCE MORE DEMAND RESPONSIVE TRANSPORT(DRT) OPTIONS





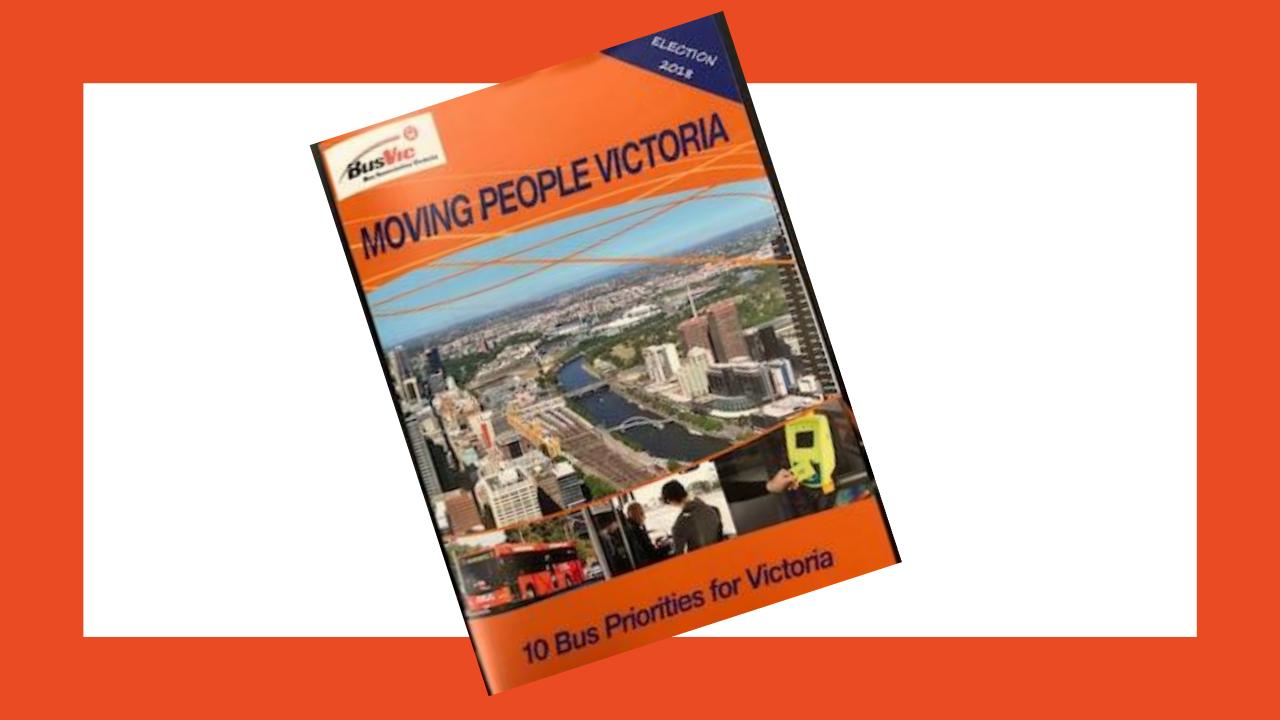




Demand Responsive Transport

CONCLUSION

- We need government to commit to the staged implementation of these objectives
- These will help us transition to a fully integrated transport network
- In a budgetary context it will support positive economic growth and livability, at a moderate cost to government.





THANK YOU